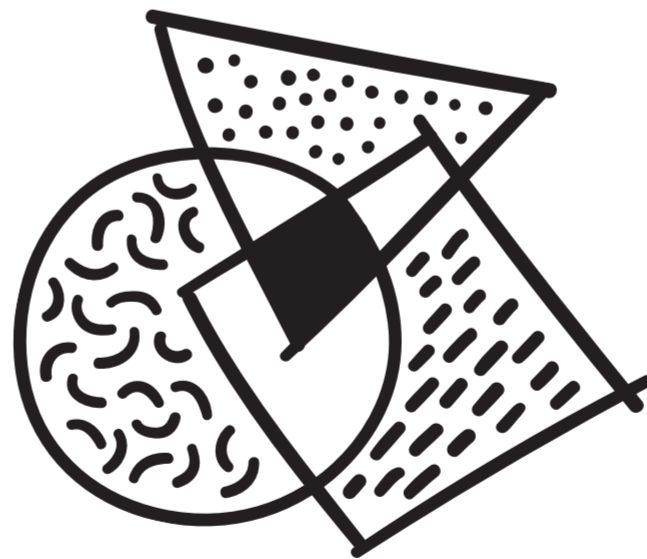


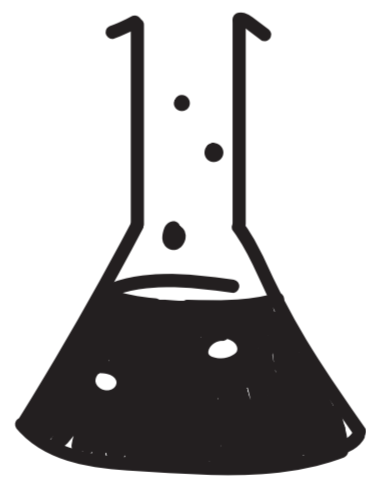
Indigenous Knowledge

Indigenous knowledge, cultural knowledge - systems of knowledge developed over centuries by communities from a particular culture or place.



Western Science

A system of knowledge, research and descriptions of phenomena developed and described predominantly through a Western or Euro-centric scientific model or worldview.



Feedback

Knowledge of opinions and perceptions among the public, stakeholders and media. May be gathered ad hoc or through open consultation and submission methods.



Practice-based Evidence

Drawing up the existing evidence -base and creating new knowledge through working together with communities, on the ground testing and prototyping to find what is needed and what works in local context.



Evidence-based Practice

Development and application of (usually) interventions that have been shown to be effective elsewhere through specific and consistent forms of trials and testing such as randomised control trials (RCT).



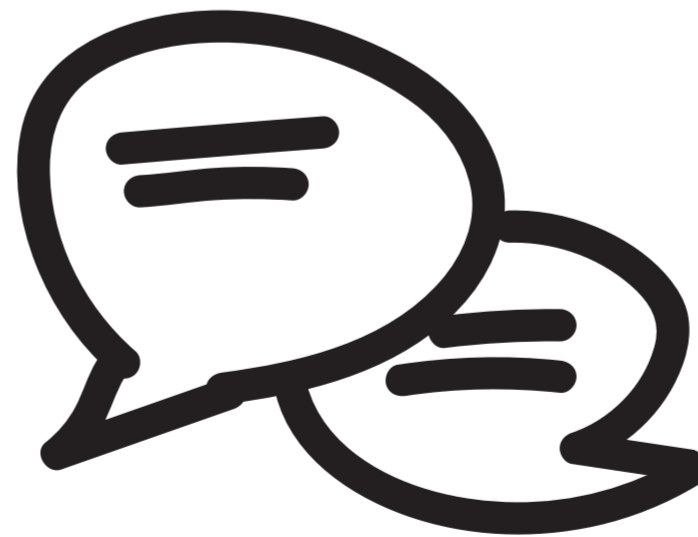
Quantitative Research

Research that provides a view or identifies patterns of what is going on from a numerical or statistical point of view e.g., how much, how many, when, where, what kind through structured analysis.



Qualitative Research

Research data that provides understanding and descriptions of meanings, behaviours, social context, motivations and underlying reasons developed through structured methods.



Expertise & Experience

Experiential knowledge and lived experience, know-how, values, perspectives and culture of those involved and impacted, including families, young people, children, community members, practitioners, front line staff.



Evaluation & Monitoring

Knowledge of what has changed and why generated through a structured process of looking back and across, through a critical perspective.

